UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): February 16, 2021

Foghorn Therapeutics Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation) 001-39634 (Commission File Number) 47-5271393 (IRS Employer Identification No.)

500 Technology Square, Ste 700 Cambridge, MA (Address of principal executive offices)

02139 (Zip Code)

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code): (617) 245-0399

Not Applicable

(Former name or former address, if changed since last report)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

□ Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)

□ Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)

Dere-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))

Dere-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, \$0.0001 par value per share	FHTX	The Nasdaq Global Market

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter).

Emerging growth company \boxtimes

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Item 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosure.

Foghorn Therapeutics Inc. (the "Company") is furnishing as Exhibit 99.1 to this Current Report on Form 8-K a presentation, dated February 16, 2021, which the Company intends to use from time to time in meetings with or presentations to investors.

The information in this Item 7.01 (including Exhibit 99.1 attached hereto) is being furnished and shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that section, nor shall it be deemed incorporated by reference in any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, except as expressly set forth by specific reference in such filing.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits

Exhibit No.	Description
99.1	Investor Presentation, dated February 16, 2021

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

FOGHORN THERAPEUTICS INC.

By: <u>/s/ Allan Reine</u> Allan Reine, M.D. Chief Financial Officer

Date: February 16, 2021

Targeting the Chromatin Regulatory System

A Product Platform with Potential to Impact Millions of Patients



February 16, 2021



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Large Market Potential / Precision Approach

 Biology implicated in up to 50% of cancer potentially impacting ~2.5 million patients

Experienced Leadership Team

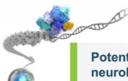
- Expertise across drug discovery, clinical development and commercialization
- Over 220 drug candidates into the clinic and over 30 drugs approved

Novel Biology and Targets

- Targeting the chromatin regulatory system
- Integrated and scalable platform
- Chromatin remodeling complexes, transcription factors, and other components

Multiple Drugging Approaches

- Synthetic lethality
- Protein degradation
- Transcription factor disruptors

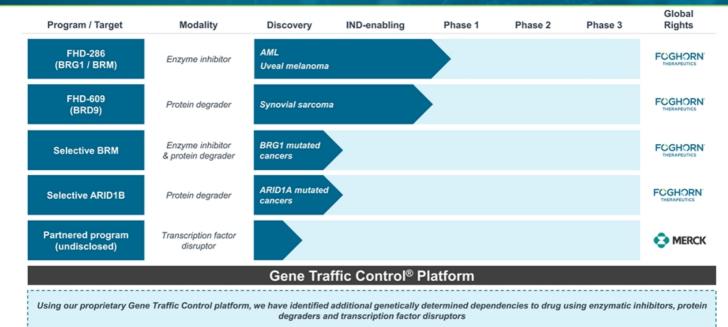


Potential applications beyond oncology in diseases including virology, autoimmune disease and neurology

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On Track for Entry Into the Clinic with First Two Programs

Precision Oncology / Breadth and Depth



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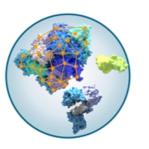
Our Gene Traffic Control Platform Makes It Possible to Understand and Drug Genetic Dependencies within the Chromatin Regulatory System Integrated, Scalable, Efficient – Repeatable Paradigm



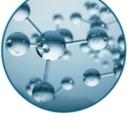
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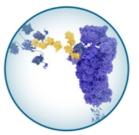
Target Identification And Validation



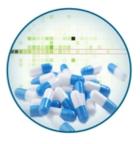
Production of Chromatin Regulatory System Components at Scale & Proprietary Assays



Discovery and Optimization of Chemical Matter



Targeted Protein Degradation



Translation to Clinic and Identification of Biomarkers

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Experienced Leadership Team with Industry Leading Advisors and Investors



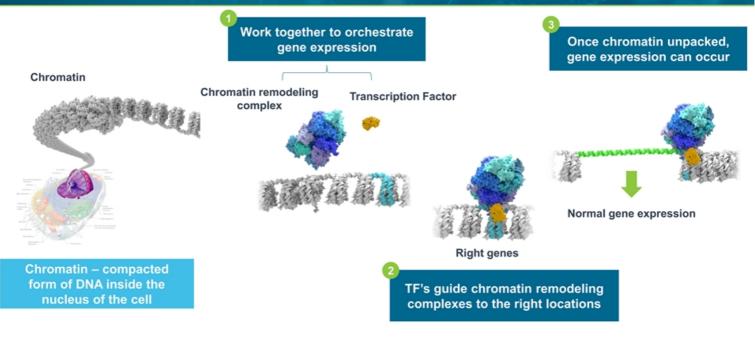


The Chromatin Regulatory System

Orchestrates Gene Expression

The Chromatin Regulatory System Orchestrates Gene Expression

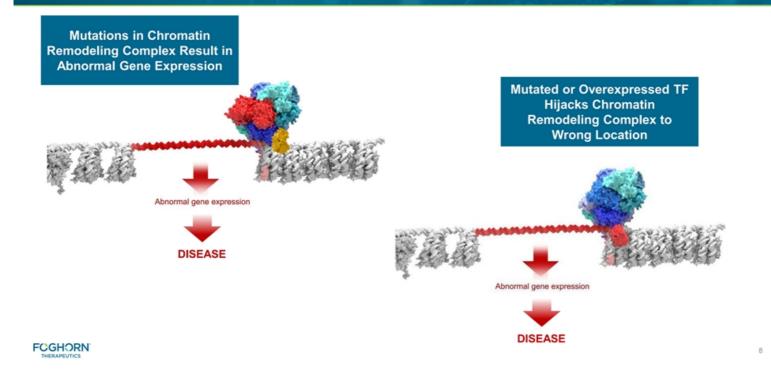
Two Major Components Work in Concert - Chromatin Remodeling Complexes and Transcription Factors



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Breakdowns in the Chromatin Regulatory System Lead to Disease

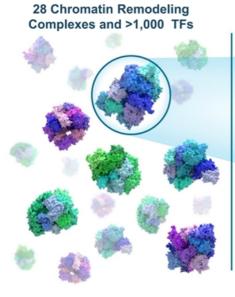


Chromatin Regulatory System Implicated in Over 50% of Cancers Potentially Impacting Over 2.5M Patients

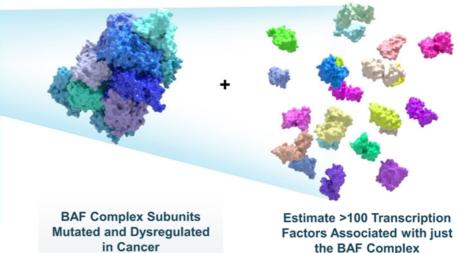


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the BAF Complex



BAF Complex and Associated Transcription Factors



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Mutations in Chromatin Remodeling Complexes

Transcription Factor Mutations / Overexpression



Mutations that Impinge on the Chromatin Regulatory System



factors



ranoreu Drugging App	loaches	
Enzymatic Inhibitors: Highly selective and allosteric small molecule inhibitors	ATP	ADP
Targeted Protein Degradation: Bi-functional protein degraders for targets with no enzymatic activity		
Transcription Factor Disruptors: Disrupt interactions between chromatin remodeling complexes and transcription	A	Potential druggable sites

Tailored Drugging Approaches



Each Program is Based on a Genetically Defined Dependency

Program	Mutation / Abberation	Genetic Dependency	Target Patient Population*	Drug Approach	
	Elevated BRG1 expression	BRG1	AML (20,000)	Eservetia labibitas	
FHD-286	GNAQ/GNA11	SOX10 / MITF / BAF Uveal Melanoma complex (5,000)		Enzymatic Inhibitor	
FHD-609	SS18-SSX1, SSX2, SSX4	BRD9	Synovial Sarcoma (>1,800)	Protein Degrader	
Selective BRM	BRG1	BRM	BRG1 mutated cancers (>100K)	Enzymatic Inhibitor / Protein Degrader	
Selective ARID1B	ARID1A	ARID1B	ARID1A mutated cancers (>175K)	Protein Degrader	
Transcription Factors	Various	Specific TF – Chromatin Remodeling Complex	Various	Transcription Factor Disruptor	

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*U.S., EU5, Japan



FHD-286: Clinical Entry Point - AML and Uveal Melanoma

FHD-286 is a Potent, Selective, Allosteric, Small Molecule Inhibitor of the BRG1 and BRM subunits of the BAF complex

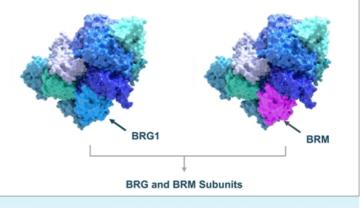
FHD-286 Targets Abnormal Dependencies on BAF in Cancer



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Target / Approach	 BRG1/BRM ATPase Small molecule, allosteric, oral enzymatic inhibitor
Indications	 Acute myelogenous leukemia (AML) Uveal melanoma Indication expansion work ongoing in multiple solid tumors
Mutation / Aberration	 AML: BRG1 elevated in blast cells Uveal Melanoma: GNAQ/GNA11 mutated UM is driven by an abnormal dependency on BAF
Program Status	 On track for clinical data as early as Q4'21
New Patients Impacted / year*	 AML: Over 20,000 relapsed and/or refractory patients Uveal melanoma: Over 5,000 patients

BAF Chromatin Remodeling Complex

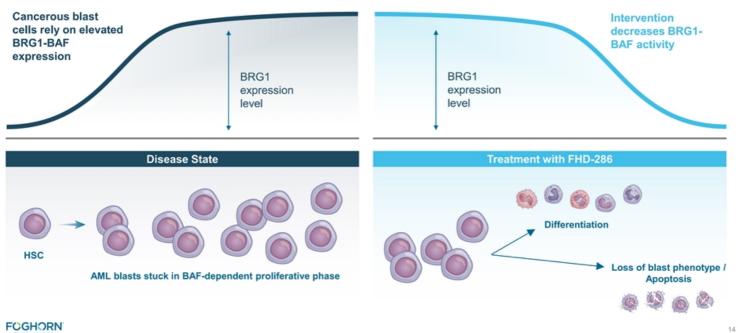


- BRM/BRG1 is the engine (ATPase) of the BAF chromatin remodeling complex
- BRG1 & BRM are highly similar proteins

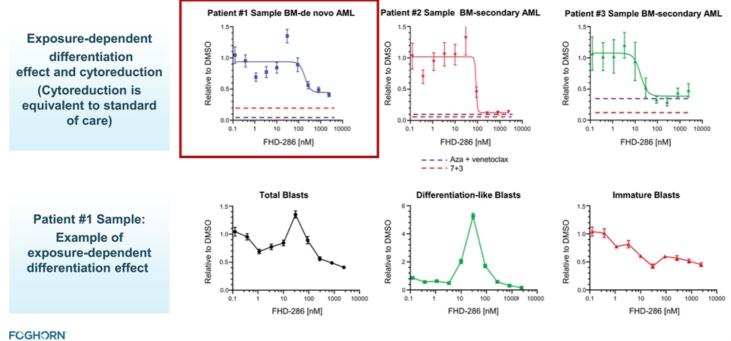
* US, EU5, Japan

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Therapeutic Rationale for AML: Blast Cells Dependent on BRG1-BAF

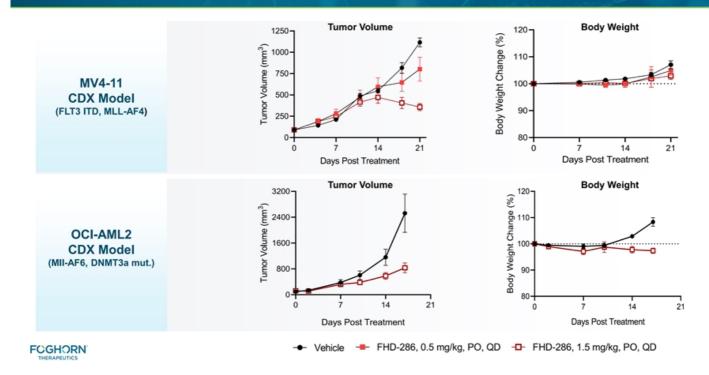


Treatment with FHD-286 of Patient-Derived AML Tumor Samples was Associated with both Differentiation and Cytoreduction



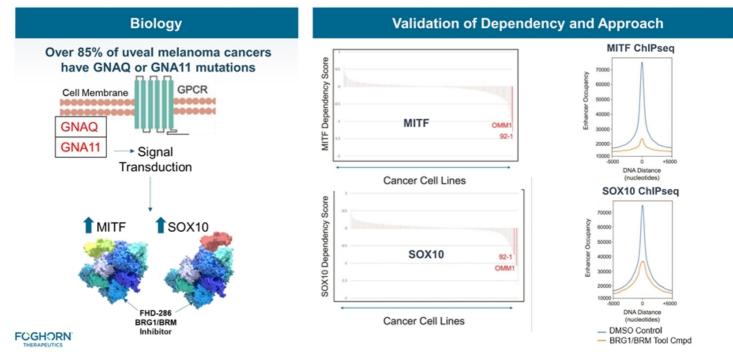


Dose-Dependent Tumor Growth Inhibition Observed with FHD-286 Treatment in AML CDX Models

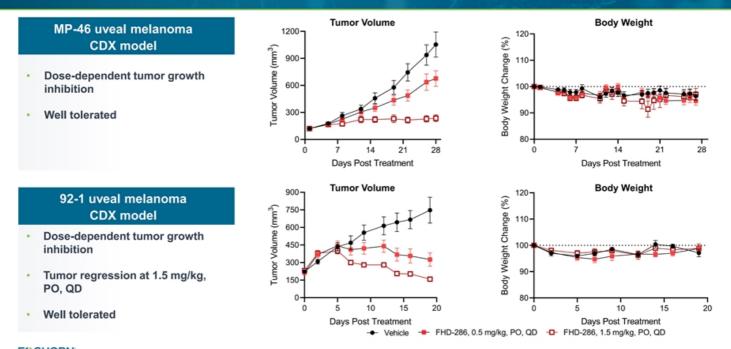


Therapeutic Rationale for Uveal Melanoma: Dependency on Overexpression of the MITF / SOX10 Transcription Factors and the BAF Complex

Inhibiting BRG1/BRM to shut down the abnormal TF interaction with the BAF complex



FHD-286 was Associated with Dose-Dependent Tumor Regression in Uveal Melanoma CDX Models at Tolerated Doses



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FHD-286 Clinical Development Plan

Our Understanding of the Biology and Target allows for the Selection of Focused Patient Populations



CLINICAL PLAN

AML & Uveal Melanoma FIH Phase 1 Studies

Relapsed / Refractory AML		Potential for entry into definitive efficacy trials in AML
Metastatic Uveal Melanoma		
 Trial Design "3 + 3" accelerated titration design 	Expansion cohorts in AML, UM and potentially other	Potential for entry into definitive efficacy trials in metastatic uveal melanoma
 Retrospective biomarker analysis to further evaluate safety and efficacy 	indications	
 Assess safety, PK, biomarkers and efficacy 		Potential for Indication Expansion Beyond AML and UM

Early clinical data as early as Q4 2021

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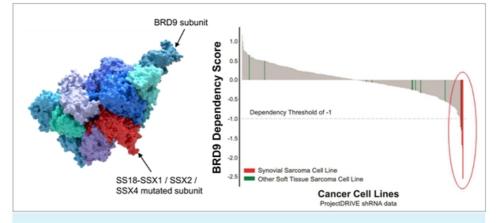
FHD-609: Clinical Entry Point – Synovial Sarcoma

FHD-609 is a Selective, Potent, Protein Degrader of the BRD9 component of the BAF complex

FHD-609 Targets and Degrades the BRD9 subunit of BAF which is Required for Synovial Sarcoma Cells to Survive

Selective, Potent BRD9 Targeted Protein Degrader

Target / Approach	BRD9Intravenous Protein Degrader
Initial Indication	Synovial Sarcoma
Mutation / Aberration	 SS18-SSX1 / SSX2 / SSX4 protein fusions
Upcoming Milestones	IND submission Q2 2021
New Patients Impacted / year*	 Synovial Sarcoma: Over 1,800 patients / year



BRD9 is required for the survival of synovial sarcoma cells

* US, EU5, Japan

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Robust *in vivo* Activity Observed in Synovial Sarcoma Model and BRD9 Degradation Associated with FHD-609 Treatment

Weekly Dosing of FHD-609 Achieved Sustained BRD9 Degradation

SY01 Synovial Sarcoma CDX Model

- Mutation: SS18-SSX2
- Inhibited tumor growth
- Dose dependent BRD9 degradation correlated with anti-tumor activity

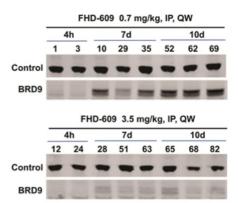
Tumor Volume (mm ³) - 0000 - 0001 - 0001		_	Ŧ		
	5	10	15	20	25
	Day	vs Post	Treatm	nent	
	- B - F	ehicle HD-609, 3 HD-609, 0			

· O· FHD-609, 0.5 mg/kg, IP, QD

Tumor Volume

Sustained BRD9 Degradation

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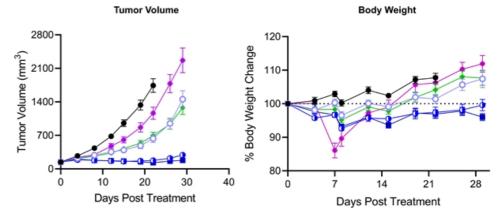


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ASKA CDX Model

- Mutation: SS18-SSX1
- Superior tumor growth inhibition compared to ifosfamide and pazopanib
- Complete suppression observed over 30 days at 2 mg/kg of FHD-609

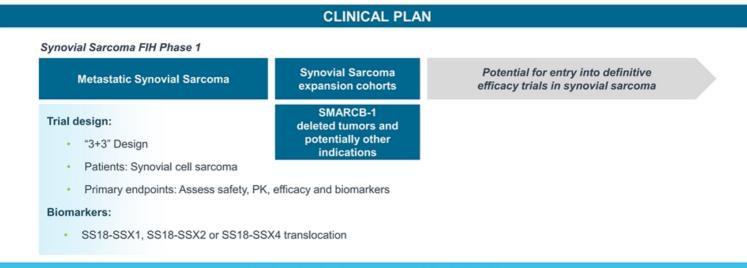


- Vehicle --- FHD-609, 0.1 mg/kg, IV, BIW -- FHD-609, 0.5 mg/kg, IV, BIW
- 🖝 FHD-609, 2 mg/kg, IV, BIW 🛛 🔶 Ifosfamide 80mg/kg, IV, Day0-Day2 🚽 Pazopanib, 40 mg/kg, PO, QD

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FHD-609 Clinical Development Plan

Our Understanding of the Biology and Target allows for the Selection of Focused Patient Populations

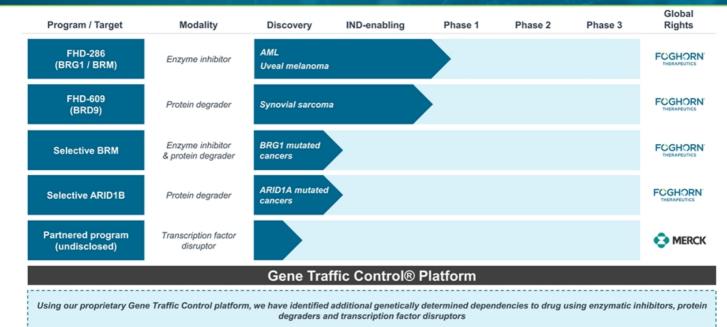


IND submission expected in Q2 2021

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On Track for Entry Into the Clinic with First Two Programs

Precision Oncology / Breadth and Depth



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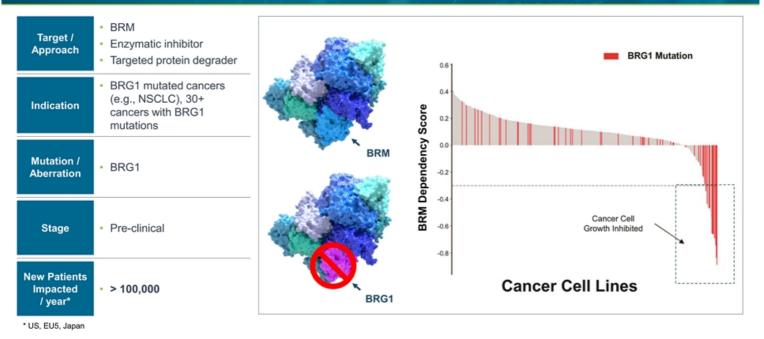


Selective BRM Modulators for BRG1 Mutated Cancers

Enzymatic Inhibitor and Protein Degrader Programs

BRG1 Mutations Create a Genetic Dependency on BRM

Selective BRM Modulators Overview



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BRG1 Mutated in ~5% of All Tumors – Potential Broad Addressable Patient Populations



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20X Selective BRM Inhibitor and Targeted Protein Degrader Discovered from Gene Traffic **Control Platform** Selective BRM Modulators



BRM Selective Inhibitor Program

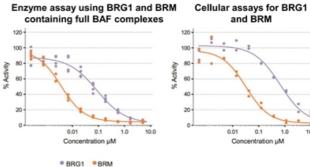
. Panel showing biochemical selectivity of a 20X more selective inhibitor of BRM vs. BRG1

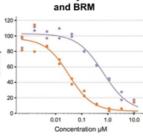
BRM Selective Degrader Program

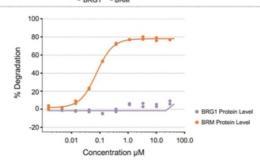
Selective BRM degrading . molecules led to the degradation of over 75% of BRM while leaving BRG1 unchanged

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Enzyme assay using BRG1 and **BRM** subunits 120 100 80 % Activity 60 -40 20 -0 0.01 0.1 1.0 10.0 Concentration µM





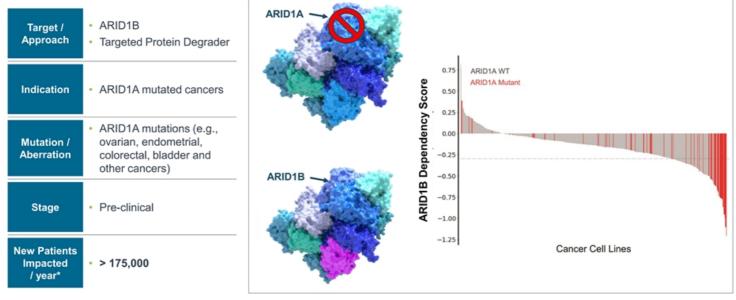




Selective ARID1B Protein Degrader for ARID1A Mutated Cancers

ARID1A – Most Mutated Subunit in BAF Complex – Creates Dependency on ARID1B

Selective ARID1B Protein Degrader Overview



* US, EU5, Japan

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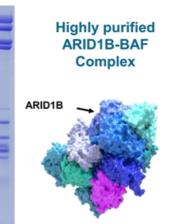
ARID1B Highlights Broad Potential of Foghorn Gene Traffic Control Platform



Biology

- ARID1A is the most highly mutated subunit of the BAF complex in cancer
- ~5% of all tumors harbor ARID1A mutations including; endometrial cancer (~40%), bladder cancer (~25%) and ovarian (~15%)
- Synthetic lethal relationship with ARID1B
- Developing protein degraders to ARID1B

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Drugging Strategy

- Platform produces BAF complexes and subcomplexes containing either ARID1A or ARID1B at scale
- Status: Validating hits from multiple High Throughput Screens



Novel Approach to Targeting Transcription Factors

Disrupting Transcription Factor – Chromatin Remodeling Complex Interactions

A New Approach to Drugging Transcription Factors

Enabled by Proprietary Ability to Purify and Synthesize Chromatin Regulatory System Components



TFs are compelling drug targets...

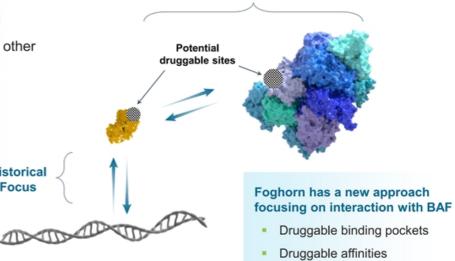
- Highly involved in gene expression
- Implicated in range of cancers and other diseases

... but historically difficult to target

- Featureless surface: . no druggable binding pocket
- Tight interactions with DNA: undruggable affinities

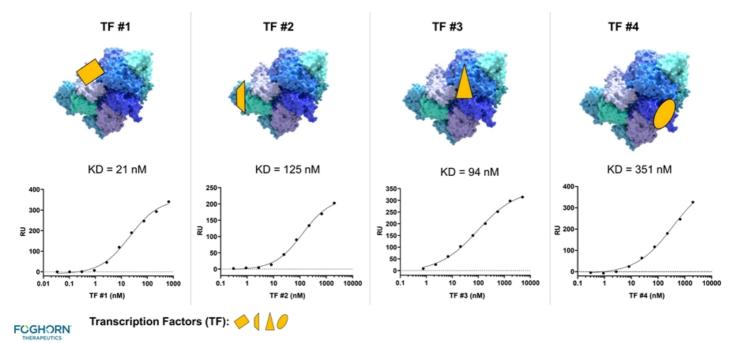
Historical Focus



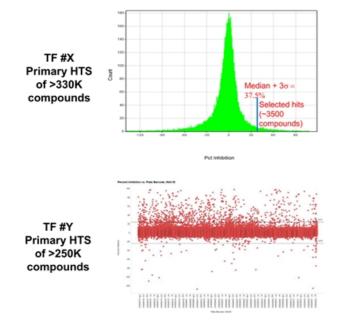




Transcription Factor-Chromatin Remodeling Complex Interactions Unique Insights in Where and How Transcription Factors Bind



Potential to drug > 100 TFs associated with BAF





- >100 TFs estimated associated with BAF
- Foghorn pursuing multiple TFs in parallel
- HTS on full BAF complex + TF target
- Approach highly scalable and potential broad application – other chromatin remodeling complexes and other diseases
- Merck collaboration to drug single specified transcription factor target
- \$425 million in up-front, research, development and sales-based milestones
- Up to low double-digit royalties on product sales



On Track for Entry Into the Clinic with First Two Programs Precision Oncology / Breadth and Depth

Program / Target	Modality	Discovery	IND-enabling	Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3	Global Rights
FHD-286 (BRG1 / BRM)	Enzyme inhibitor	AML Uveal melanoma		FHD-286	Early Clinical E	0ata (Q4 2021)	FCGHORN' THERAPEUTICS
FHD-609 (BRD9)	Protein degrader	Synovial sarcoma		FHD-609: IND	Submission (Q	2 2021)	FCGHORN THERAPEUTICS
Selective BRM	Enzyme inhibitor & protein degrader	BRG1 mutated cancers					FCGHORN' THERAPEUTICS
Selective ARID1B	Protein degrader	ARID1A mutated cancers	•				FCGHORN
Partnered program (undisclosed)	Transcription factor disruptor						S MERCK
Gene Traffic Control® Platform							
Using our proprietary Gene Traffic Control platform, we have identified additional genetically determined dependencies to drug using enzymatic inhibitors, protein degraders and transcription factor disruptors							

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